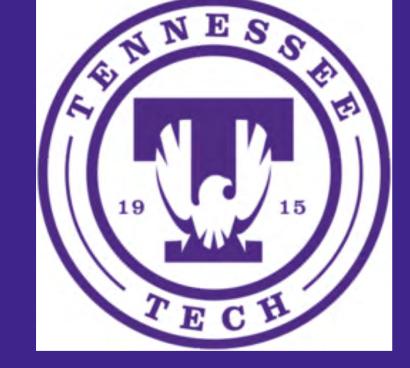


Isatin thiosemicarbazone ligands and their characterization by NMR spectroscopy: Formation of their Cu(II) metal complexes

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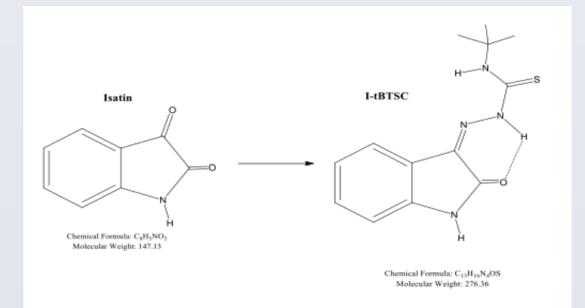




Abstract

A new series of Isatin Thiosemicarbazone (I-TSC) ligands were synthesized. The ligands were synthesized with the following substituent groups:
methyl thiosemicarbazone, ethyl thiosemicarbazone, phenyl thiosemicarbazone, and benzyl thiosemicarbazone. These ligands were then characterized by NMR spectroscopy in order to verify their structures. The following tests were run on the compounds: ¹H, ¹³C, gradient selected COSY, ¹H-¹³C multiplicity, and ¹H-¹³C HMBC. The compounds were then reacted with CuCl₂ to form the metal complex [Cu(I-TSC)CI]. An inhibition assay study on these Isatin ligands and copper compounds for evidence of inhibition of Topoisomerase II α will be presented.

Synthesis of I-ETSC



Initially, 0.4845 g (0.0041 mol) of 4-Ethyl-3-thiosemicarbazide and 0.5863g (0.0040 mol) Isatin were weighed into a 125 mL Erlenmeyer flask with a magnetic stir bar and 50 mL isopropanol. A drop of sulfuric acid was added to the solution as a catalyst. The solution was stirred overnight at 65° C. The solution was gravity filtered with isopropanol and left to dry. The final product was 0.9268 g, which provided a 93.7% percent yield. The same procedure was performed to synthesize the other ligands.

Synthesis of [Cu(I-tBTSC)Cl] metal complex

I-tBTSC, 0.2508g (9.07x10⁻⁴ mol) and 0.1512 g (8.86x10⁻⁴ mol) CuCl₂ dihydrate were weighed into separate vials. The vial of CuCl₂ was filled with 3.0 mL of ethanol, dissolved and then pipetted into a 50 mL Erlenmeyer flask. The CuCl₂ was set on a heating plate at 60° C and stirred with a magnetic stir bar. Next, the I-tBTSC dissolved in 15 mL of ethanol was added to the flask of CuCl₂. The solution turned dark brown immediately. The solution was left at 65° C overnight. The product was filtered and dried. The final product was 0.3037g (8.11 x10⁻⁴ mol) which provided a 91.5% percent yield.

Structures and ¹H NMR Data

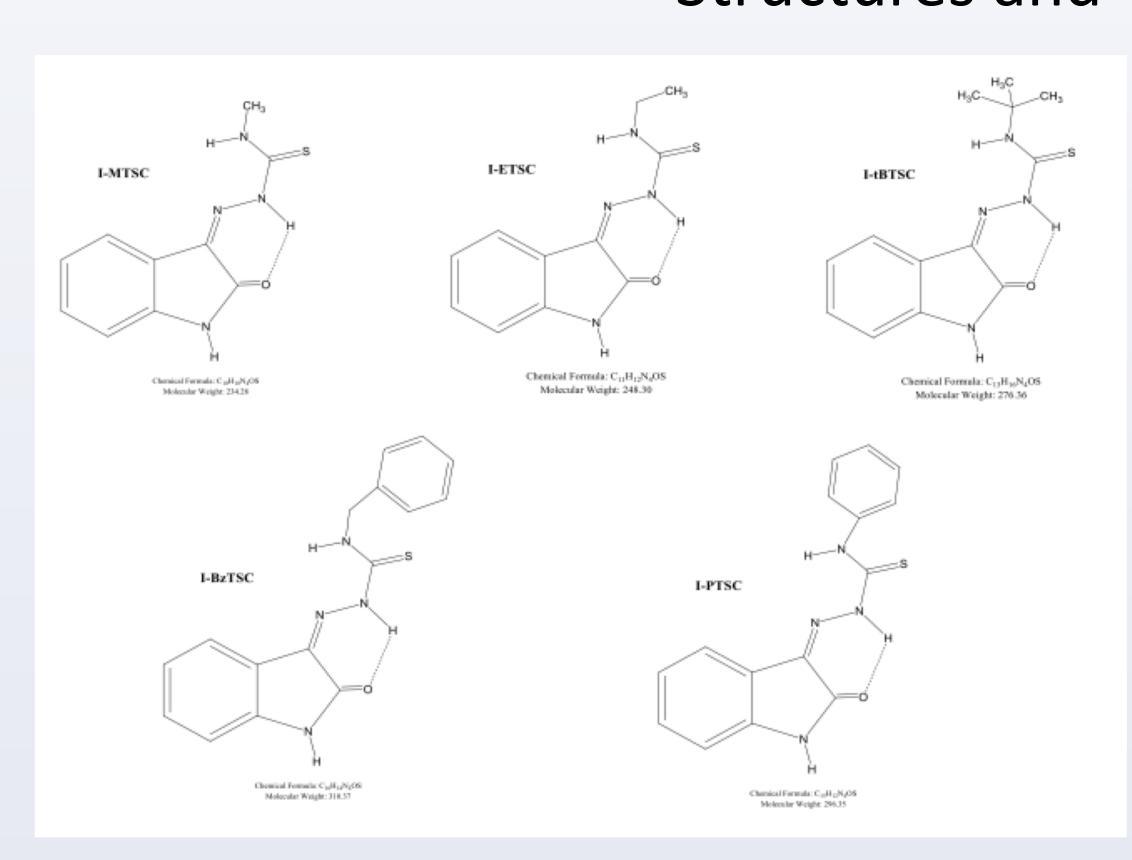


Figure 1. Thiosemicarbazone ligands

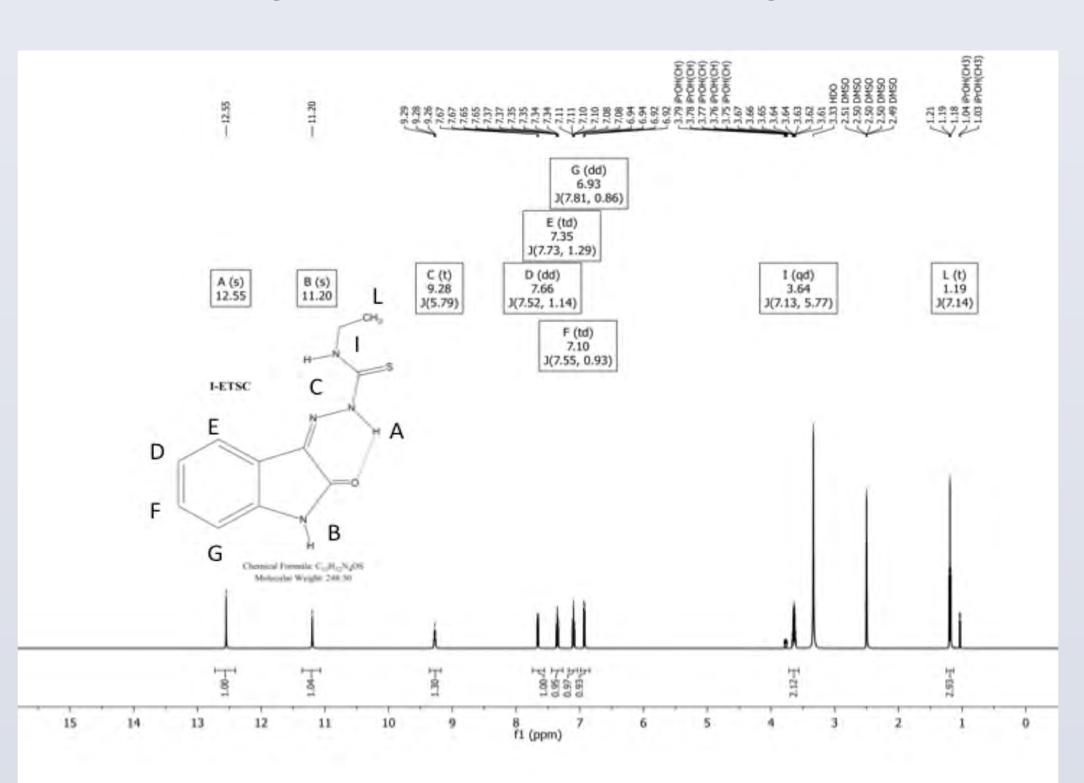


Figure 2. ¹H NMR Full view spectrum of I-ETSC

12.6 12.2 11.8 11.4 11.0 10.6 10.2 9.8 9.6 9.4 9.2 9.0 8.8 8.6 8.4 8.2 8.0 7.8 7.6 7.4 7.2 7.0 6.8 6.6

Thiosemicarbazone ligand yields

 $(4.2x10^{-3} \text{ mol})$ of product, yielding 93.8%.

 $(3.7x10^{-3} \text{ mol})$ of product, yielding 93.7%.

 $(2.35 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mol})$ of product, yielding 72.4%.

The synthesis of I-tBTSC produced 0.6499g

The synthesis of I-BzTSC produced 0.9636g

The synthesis of I-PTSC produced 0.8044g

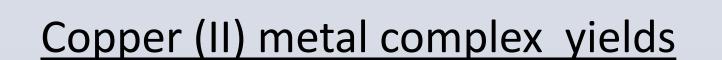
 $(3.1x10^{-3} \text{ mol})$ of product, yielding 94.5%.

 $(2.7x10^{-3} \text{ mol})$ of product, yielding 93.6%.

• The synthesis of I-MTSC produced 0.994g

The synthesis of I-ETSC produced 0.9268g

Figure 3. ¹H NMR Downfield View spectrum of I-MTSC



- The synthesis of [Cu(I-MTSC)Cl] produced 0.3296g (9.92x10⁻⁴ mol) of product, yielding 92.6%.
- The synthesis of [Cu(I-ETSC)Cl] produced 0.3127g (9.03x10⁻⁴ mol) of product, yielding 89.4%.
- The synthesis of [Cu(I-tBTSC)Cl] produced 0.3037g (8.11x10⁻⁴ mol) of product, yielding 91.5%.
- The synthesis of [Cu(I-BzTSC)Cl] produced 0.2486g (6.09x10⁻⁴ mol) of product, yielding 75.4%.
- The synthesis of [Cu(I-PTSC)Cl] produced 0.3172g (8.04x10⁻⁴ mol) of product, yielding 95.3%.

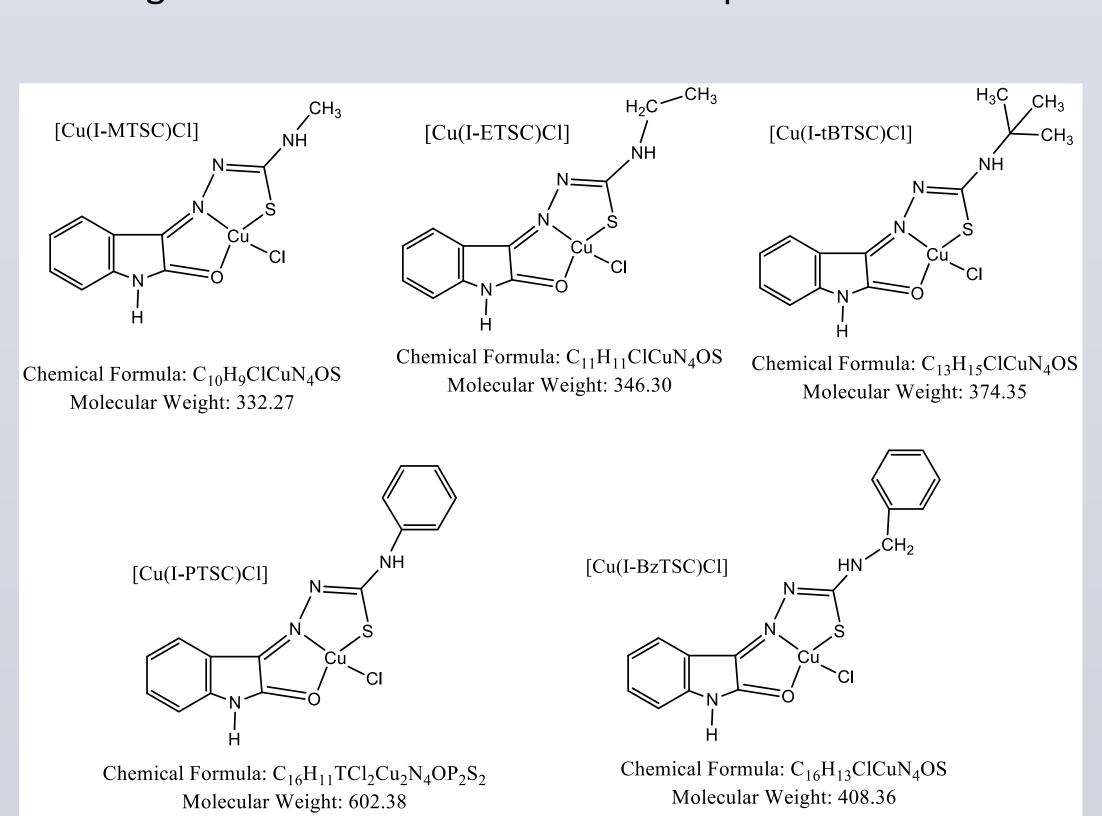
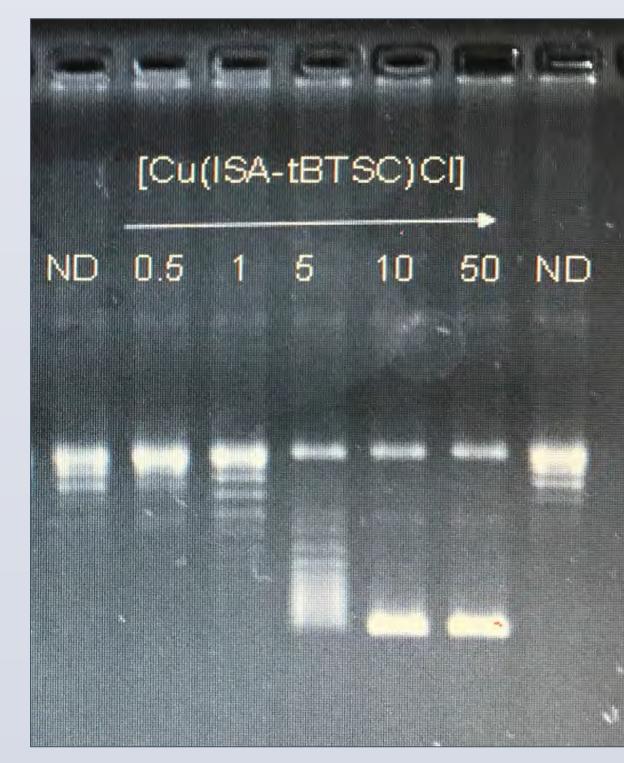


Figure 4. Copper (II) complexes

Discussion

After the Isatin-Thiosemicarbazone ligands, in figure 1, were synthesized and characterized by the NMR, the ¹H proton NMR data (see figures 2 and 3) of the ligands all present peaks for the aromatic ring protons, the hydrazinic proton, the thioamide proton, and the amine proton. The NMR data was compared to data from other studies in order to confirm structure.² The substituent groups for each ligands were all displayed as predicted. This can be seen when comparing figure 2 and figure 3.

The five thiosemicarbazone ligands, in figure 1, were then used to synthesize the [Cu(I-TSC)CI] metal complexes (see figure 4). Studies have shown evidence of Copper(II) metal complexes as possible anticancer agents. The [Cu(I-tBTSC)CI] was selected out of the complexes shown in Figure 4 to run an Inhibition assay study. The study was completed in order to see if the metal complex displayed any inhibitory behavior against Topoisomerase II a. The study, displayed below, revealed that these compounds possessed the predicted qualities and is therefore a a strong candidate for further research.



References

- 1. M. Muralisankar, N.Bhuvanesh, A. Sreekanth, New Journal of Chemistry. v1. n1. (2013) 1-43.
- 2. M. Muralisankar, S. Basheer, J. Haribabu, N. Bhuvanesh, R. Karvembu, A. Sreekanth, Inorganica Chimica Acta 466 (2017) 61-70.

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